

From Symbolic Constraint Automata to Promela

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Areas of concern

Formal protocols

Letter: element $s \in \Sigma$.

Words: sequence $w \in \Sigma^*$.

Formal languages: set of words $L \subseteq \Sigma^*$.

Application: semantics of computer programs (termination).

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Letter: element $s \in \Sigma$.

Run: stream $\sigma \in \Sigma^\omega$.

Formal protocols: set of streams $L \subseteq \Sigma^\omega$

Application: semantics of computer networks (liveness properties).

Protocol Design and verification

Compositional design:

- set of protocol primitives $p_1, \dots, p_n \subseteq \Sigma^\omega$;
- composite protocol $P = p_1 \cap \dots \cap p_n \subseteq \Sigma^\omega$.

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References:

- Behaviors of Processes and Synchronized Systems of Processes (Nivat, 1982),
- A Co-inductive Calculus of Component Connector (Arbab and Rutten, 2002).

Plan

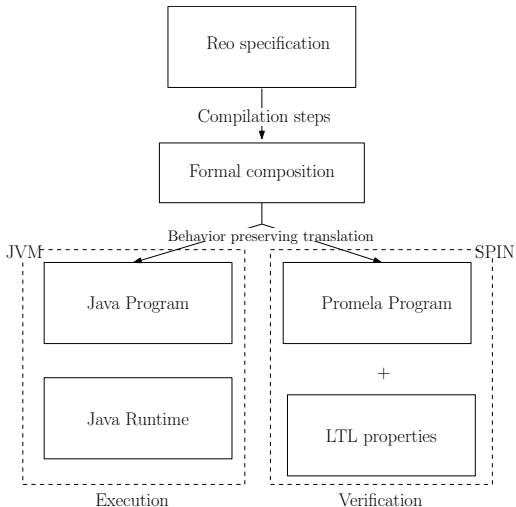
We present Reo, a connector-based language for compositional design of protocols.

We introduce a state-based specification for Reo connectors.

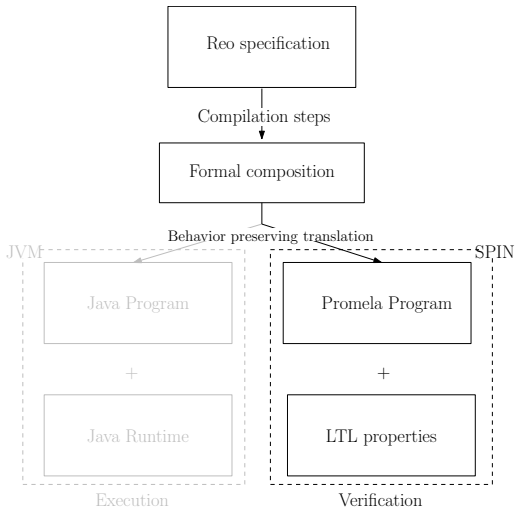
We provide a behavior preserving translation to Promela...

that we use to apply model checking with Spin.

Highlights



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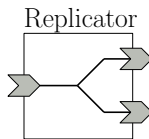
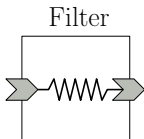
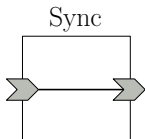
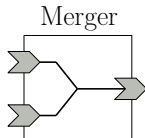
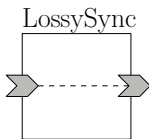
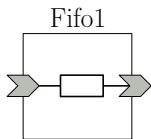


We fix the alphabet to a set of port assignments, i.e., $\Sigma = \mathbb{P} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}_*$.

A Reo primitive over a set of ports $P \subseteq \mathbb{P}$ denotes a subset $R(P) \subseteq \Sigma^\omega$ that may constrain ports in P only.

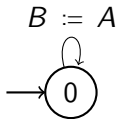
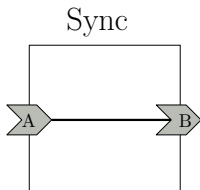
Composition is intersection, i.e., $R_1(P_1) \cap R_2(P_2)$ for two primitives $R_1(P_1)$ and $R_2(P_2)$.

Primitives of interaction



Sync channel

Graphical and syntax



Sync channel

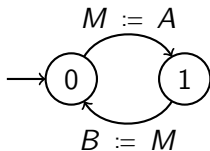
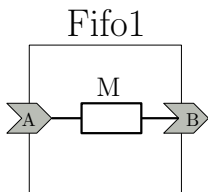
Semantics

Set of behavior of the $\text{Sync}(A, B)$ channel:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c|c} A & B \\ \hline d_1 & d_1 \\ * & * \\ d_2 & d_2 \\ \dots & \dots \end{array} \right. , \dots , \left\{ \begin{array}{c|c} A & B \\ \hline * & * \\ * & * \\ d_1 & d_1 \\ \dots & \dots \end{array} \right\}$$

Fifo channel

Graphical and syntax



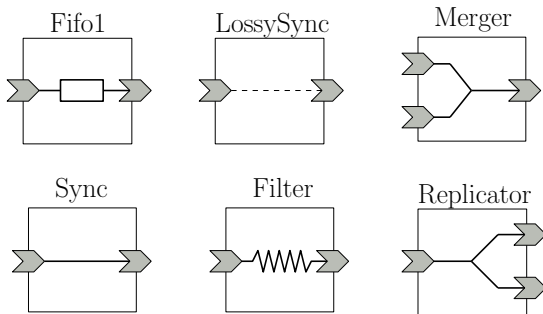
Fifo channel

Semantics

Set of behavior of the $Fifo1(A, B, M)$ channel:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c|c|c} A & M & B \\ \hline d_1 & * & * \\ * & d_1 & * \\ * & d_1 & * \\ * & d_1 & d_1 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \end{array} \right. , \dots , \left\{ \begin{array}{c|c|c} A & M & B \\ \hline d_1 & * & * \\ * & d_1 & d_1 \\ d_2 & * & * \\ * & d_2 & * \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \end{array} \right\}$$

Primitives of interaction



Syntax:

- Ports are variables;
- Assignments are solutions to guarded commands;
- Channels are within a fragment of constraint automata

Symbolic Constraint Automata

Guarded Actions

We fix a set of terms:

$$t ::= d \mid x \mid f(\bar{t})$$

with d data constants, x port and memory variables, and f function symbols.

A guarded action is a formula of the form:

$$P(\bar{x}) \rightarrow \bar{y} := t$$

where

- P is a guard on $\bar{x}$;
- $\bar{x}$ is a vector of input ports or memory variables;
- $\bar{y}$ is a vector of output ports or memory variables;
- free variables in t are either input or memory variables.

Symbolic Constraint Automata

Guarded Actions

The set of guarded actions over inputs I , outputs O , and memories V is written $Act(I, O, V)$.

Examples:

- $(i \leq v \rightarrow (o, v) := [i, i])$ is a guarded action in $Act(\{i\}, \{o\}, \{v\})$;
- $(i \leq v \rightarrow (o, i) := [i, o])$ is not a guarded action in $Act(\{i\}, \{o\}, \{v\})$, as i and o appear both on the left-hand side and on the right-hand side of the action, respectively.

Symbolic Constraint Automata

Syntax and Semantics

A symbolic constraint automaton $A = (Q, q_0, I, O, V, \rightarrow)$ is such that

- $q_0 \in Q$,
- $I \cap O = I \cap V = O \cap V = \emptyset$,
- $\rightarrow \subseteq Q \times \text{Act}(I, O, V) \times Q$.

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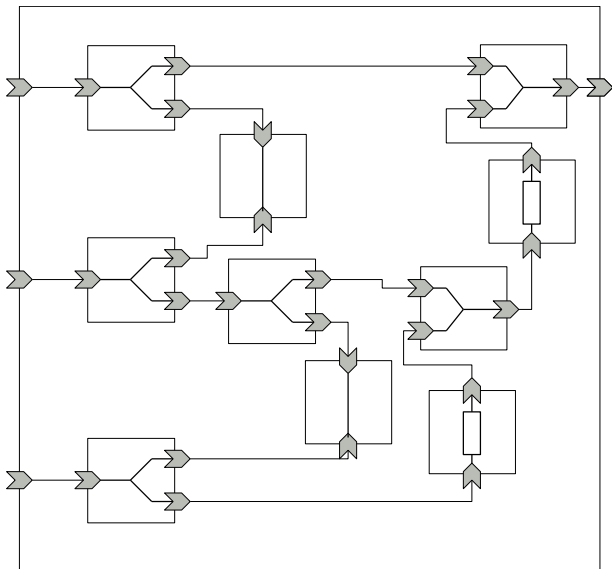
The semantics $\llbracket A \rrbracket$ of A is the set of streams of assignments

$\sigma \in (\mathbb{P} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}_*)^\omega$ where, for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, there is a transition

$q_n \xrightarrow{P(\bar{x}) \rightarrow \bar{y} := t} q_{n+1}$ with:

1. the interpretation of the guard of $P(\bar{x})$ holds in σ_n ,
2. for all output and memory variables $x \in O(\alpha) \cup V(\alpha)$ occurring in $\bar{y}$, the assignment σ_{n+1} inherits the values assigned by the command $\bar{y} := t$ evaluated with σ_n ;
3. for all variables x not involved in the guarded action α , the value does not change, that is, $\sigma_{n+1}(x) = \sigma_n(x)$.

Alternator: a composite connector



Composition

Given two automata A_1 and A_2 , we form their product $A_1 \bowtie A_2$, such that $\llbracket A_1 \bowtie A_2 \rrbracket = \llbracket A_1 \rrbracket \cap \llbracket A_2 \rrbracket$.

Additionally, we assume that:

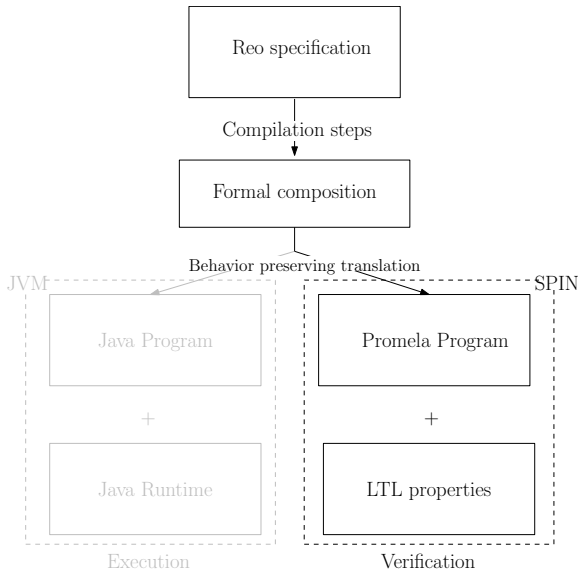
- variables in A_1 and A_2 are disjoint;
- every pair of guarded actions (a_1, a_2) in A_1 and A_2 synchronize on some inputs or some outputs but not both, i.e., $I(a_1) \cap O(a_2) \neq \emptyset \implies I(a_2) \cap O(a_1) = \emptyset$.

We hide X in A with $\exists X.A$ where $\llbracket \exists X.A \rrbracket = \text{pr}_{\mathbb{P} \setminus X} \llbracket A \rrbracket$.

Composite protocol

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{alternator}}(A, E, M, K) = & \\ & \exists B, C, J, L, E, D, F, I, O, L, G, H, N, \\ & A_{\text{rep}}(A, B, C) \bowtie A_{\text{fifo1}}(J, L) \bowtie A_{\text{merger}}(B, J, K) \bowtie \\ & A_{\text{replicator}}(E, D, F) \bowtie A_{\text{fifo1}}(I, O) \bowtie A_{\text{merger}}(G, I, L) \bowtie \\ & A_{\text{replicator}}(F, G, H) \bowtie A_{\text{sync}}(H, N) \bowtie A_{\text{replicator}}(M, N, O) \end{aligned}$$

Compilation to Promela



Hint for correctness

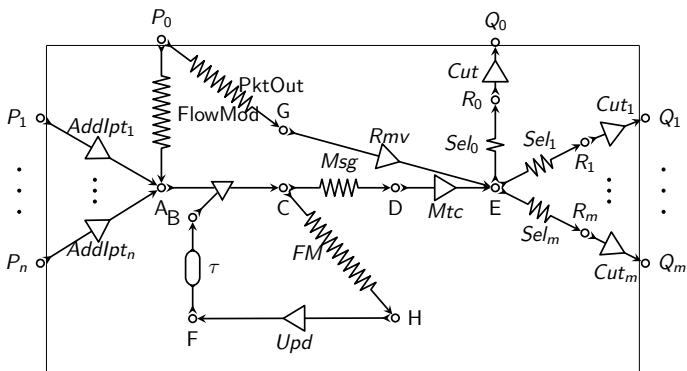
Logic	Promela
port variables	<pre>typedef port { chan data = [1] of {Data}; chan sync = [1] of {int}; }</pre>
$q_i \xrightarrow{P_i(\bar{x}) \rightarrow \bar{y} := t_i} q_{i+1}$	<pre>(guard_i /\ s=i) -> atomic{command_i /\ s= i+1}</pre>
$Protocol = (Q, q_0, I, O, V, \rightarrow)$	<pre>proctype Protocol(port p1; ...){ ∀p ∈ I ∪ O, Data _p; ∀v ∈ V, Data v; int state = 0; /* Guarded commands */ do :: transition_1 :: ... :: transition_n od}</pre>

Properties

Properties	Temporal formulas
p_fires	$\text{len}(\text{p.data}) \neq 0 \ \&\& \ \text{len}(\text{p.sync}) \neq 0 \ \&\& \ X(\text{len}(\text{p.data}) == 0 \ \ \text{len}(\text{p.sync}) == 0)$
p_silent	$\neg(\text{p_fires})$
m_full	$\text{len}(\text{m.data}) \neq 0$
m_empty	$\text{len}(\text{m.data}) == 0$
m_fires	$\text{m_full} \ \&\& \ X(\text{m_empty}) \ \ \text{m_empty} \ \&\& \ X(\text{m_full})$
m_silent	$\neg(\text{m_fires})$
p1_before_p2	$(\text{p1_fires} \rightarrow \Diamond(\text{p2_fires}))$
p1_then_p2	$(\text{p1_fires} \rightarrow X(\text{silent} \cup \text{p2_fires}))$

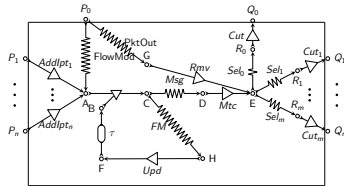
Example

Software Defined Network



Example

Verification in Spin



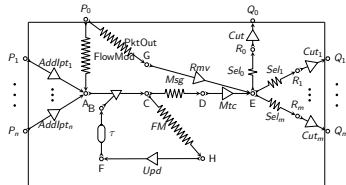
Temporal properties:

$$\phi_1 = \Box((A.data=1) \rightarrow \Diamond(B.data==1))$$

$$\phi_2 = \Box((A.data==2) \rightarrow (\Diamond(B.data==2) \wedge \Diamond(C.data==2)))$$

Example

Verification in Spin



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Results from Spin:

	Errors found	Time usage	Depth reached	States stored	States matched	Transitions
ϕ_1	0	10.5s	479	214292	660445	1058424
ϕ_2	0	8.64s	479	152057	373096	767167

Conclusion

Theory: Description of compilation steps from Reo protocol into Promela programs.

Practice: Implementation of the theoretical results as extension of Reo compiler. Application on a case study.